

## **HCFA Year 2000 Compliance Project and Testing Guidelines**

### **PURPOSE**

The testing effort for HCFA internal systems, external systems, and interfaces will demonstrate adherence to the HCFA Year 2000 Compliance Definition document and ensure that system functionality has not changed.

### **LEVELS OF TESTING**

As a minimum, Year 2000 testing will include the following levels of testing. All testing will verify Year 2000 software modifications and existing functionality.

- UNIT = verifies the logic, computations, functionality and error handling of a unit; includes desk checking (visual inspection) of all lines of code, and code walkthroughs of all Year 2000 modifications.
- INTEGRATION = verifies the internal integrity of a collection of logically related units (module); verifies the module's external interfaces with other modules, data files, external input and output.
- SYSTEM = verifies the full, beginning to end capabilities of the system; verifies that the system is functionally and operationally complete; includes regression testing. System testing must be performed for conditions, test data and a system date in both the 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> centuries.
- ACCEPTANCE = verifies that the system requirements are satisfied, and that the system is functionally and operationally correct from the users' perspective; includes regression testing. Acceptance testing must be performed for conditions, test data, and a system date in both the 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> centuries.
- COMPLIANCE = verifies Year 2000 compliant systems in a fully Year 2000 compliant environment.

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## **METRICS**

As a minimum, the following statistical measurements will be required to monitor all Year 2000 projects and testing:

- Progress metrics to indicate planned vs. actual Test Case Description development
- Progress metrics to indicate planned vs. actual Executed Test Cases

## **PROJECT PLAN GUIDELINES - YEAR 2000 MODIFICATION**

At a minimum, a comprehensive Project Plan should include the following sections:

### **1. Introduction**

system overview, applicable documents

### **2. Scope**

describe magnitude of Year 2000 project including date intensiveness  
identify major system components  
discuss data exchange considerations  
explain any exceptional processing issues

### **3. Customer Contact Information**

HCFA owner, user (internal systems)  
contractor, maintainer (external systems)

### **4. Year 2000 Approach**

Methods: expansion, windowing, encoding  
Data Access: internal storage, external display (screens and reports)  
Processes: sorting  
Data Exchange Agreements: definition of data exchanges, bridges, and list of agreements  
Explain prioritization of components: e.g., critical vs non-critical, processing frequency, batch/online

### **5. Deliverables**

software, conversions, documentation, training

### **6. Development Considerations**

assumptions, dependencies, restrictions, system development risk areas,  
major development activities

### **7. Work Breakdown Structure**

task list

### **8. Schedule**

due dates for deliverables and milestones  
At a minimum, five phases: Awareness, Analysis/Assessment,  
Development/Renovation, Validation/Testing, and Implementation  
Schedules should be at a level of sufficient granularity to track progress effectively in one month intervals.

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**9. Organization and Resources**

staffing plan, organizational structure, group interfaces, equipment, training,  
support functions

**10. Management Considerations**

requirements management, project risk management, progress reporting,  
issues management, contingency plan

**11. Appendices**

security considerations, hardware plan

## **TEST PLAN GUIDELINES - YEAR 2000 MODIFICATION**

There will be individual test plans for Unit, Integration, and Systems Testing.

Each section of the test plan should describe the information as specified. Additional sections may be included immediately prior to section 19, Approvals. The actual documentation to support section 10, Test Deliverables, should be compiled and submitted under separate cover. Submitted test plans will be reviewed. At a minimum, a comprehensive test plan should include the following sections:

### **1. Test Plan Identifier**

unique identifier for this test plan, include testing level: unit, integration, or systems

### **2. Introduction**

purpose

ID of system and summary of software items and features to be tested

### **3. Entry / Exit Criteria**

identification of entry criteria in this testing level, exit criteria to mark that this level is complete

determination of criteria satisfaction

### **4. Test Items**

identify test items including version/revision level

specify transmittal media descriptions which impact hardware requirements

indicate need for logical/physical transformations before testing can begin

reference incident reports relating to test items

### **5. Features To Be Tested**

identify all software features and combinations of features to be tested with associated test design specification

### **6. Features Not To Be Tested**

identify all software features and combinations of features not to be tested and the reasons

### **7. Approach**

describe overall approach to testing

specify approach for each entry in 5. above

specify major activities, techniques, and tools for each entry in 5. above

specify minimum comprehensiveness desired and techniques to judge minimum

specify any additional completion criteria

identify significant constraints on testing

## **8. Item Pass/Fail Criteria**

specify criteria to determine each test item passed/failed

## **9. Suspension Criteria and Resumption Requirements**

specify criteria used to suspend all or a portion of testing on a test item

specify testing to be repeated upon resumption

## **10. Test Deliverables**

These deliverables will be developed separately and be provided as they are completed.

As a minimum, the following deliverables will be required to ensure Year 2000 compliance:

### **Test Designs**

Each test design should specify the details of the approach for a specific test or tests.

### **Test Cases**

Each test case shall contain a set of test inputs, execution conditions, and expected results associated with a particular test objective such as to verify compliance with a specific requirement (i.e., a date comparison to verify the attainment of the payment floor). Each test case shall be associated with a test design. Generally many test cases are associated with a single test design.

### **Test Results Documentation**

#### **Test Log**

A chronological record of the execution of all tests. Relevant detail shall be included such as test objective, the associated test design, whether the test passed or failed, etc.

#### **Test Summary Reports**

Each test summary report shall summarize testing activities and results.

Summary reports shall include metrics and provide an overall evaluation of the test(s).

#### **Test Incident Reports**

A test incident report shall be prepared for each event that occurred during testing, such as an exposed software fault, which requires further investigation.

## **11. Testing Tasks**

identify tasks necessary to prepare for and perform testing

identify all intertask dependencies and any special skills required

## **12. Traceability Matrix**

maps requirements and functional specifications, if applicable, to one or more test

cases

**13. Reference Documents**

number, title, revision and date of all documents referenced  
provide references to requirements specification, design specification, users guide, operations guide, installation guide, if they exist

**14. Environmental Needs**

specify both necessary and desired properties of test environment including hardware, communications and system software, mode of usage (e.g., standalone), other software or supplies to support the test  
specify level of security which must be provided  
identify special test tools needed  
identify source of all needs not currently available to test group

**15. Responsibilities**

identify groups responsible for managing, designing, preparing, executing, witnessing, checking, and resolving  
identify groups responsible for providing the test items and the test environmental needs

**16. Staffing and Training Needs**

specify test staffing needs by skill level  
identify training options for providing necessary skills

**17. Schedule**

include test milestones as well as transmittal events  
define additional test milestones needed  
estimate time required to do each testing task  
specify schedule for each testing task and test milestone  
for each testing resource, specify its period of use

**18. Risks and Contingencies**

identify high-risk assumptions of the test plan  
specify contingency plans for each assumption

**19. Approvals**

specify names and titles of all persons who must approve this plan  
provide space for signatures and dates

**20. Appendices**

## **MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR TEST CASE DESCRIPTIONS**

At a minimum, there must be test case descriptions to address the following Y2K sensitive areas:

### **YEAR 2000:**

Correct recognition and processing of dates from 01/01/1900 to 12/31/1999

Correct recognition and processing of dates equal to and beyond 01/01/2000

Correct processing of dates across the century boundary (mix 1900's and 2000's)

Correct processing of dates from 1999 into 2000 (crosses 1999 to 2000 successfully)

Correct processing of functions and events that occur cyclically (weekly, monthly, etc.)

### **LEAP YEAR:**

12/31/1999 is the 365<sup>th</sup> day of the year 1999

The year 2000 is identified as a leap year

02/29/2000 is recognized as a valid date, and is the 60<sup>th</sup> day of the year

03/01/2000 is recognized as a valid date, and is the 61<sup>st</sup> day of the year

12/31/2000 is the 366<sup>th</sup> day of the year 2000

### **DATE FIELD SIZE and TYPE:**

A) All year data field sizes = 4 digits

-OR-

B) Some or all year data field sizes = 2 digits

If B, correct determination of the century

### **EMBEDDED DATE FIELDS:**

Correct recognition and processing of dates embedded within other data fields

### **HARD CODED DATES:**

Complete identification of all hard coded date fields

Correct processing of all hard coded date fields, including special value indicators

### **COMPARISON and SORT OPERATIONS:**

Correct recognition and sorting of dates before and after century boundary

### **INTERFACING SYSTEMS:**

Correct recognition and processing of dates exchanged between other internal, external, or COTS systems

### **SPECIAL CASE USAGE:**

Verification of date field values such as: "99", "09", "00", "09/09/99", "99/09/09", "9/9/99" to indicate limitations or conditions other than date